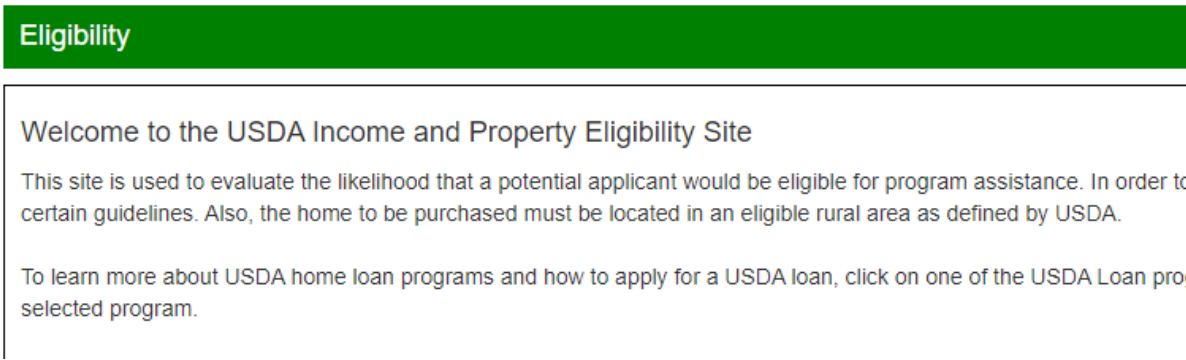
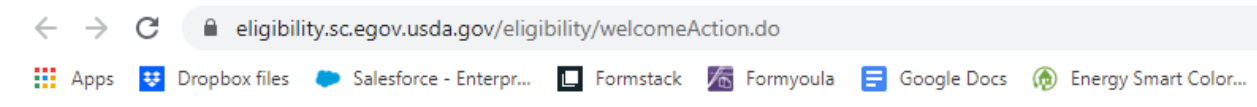
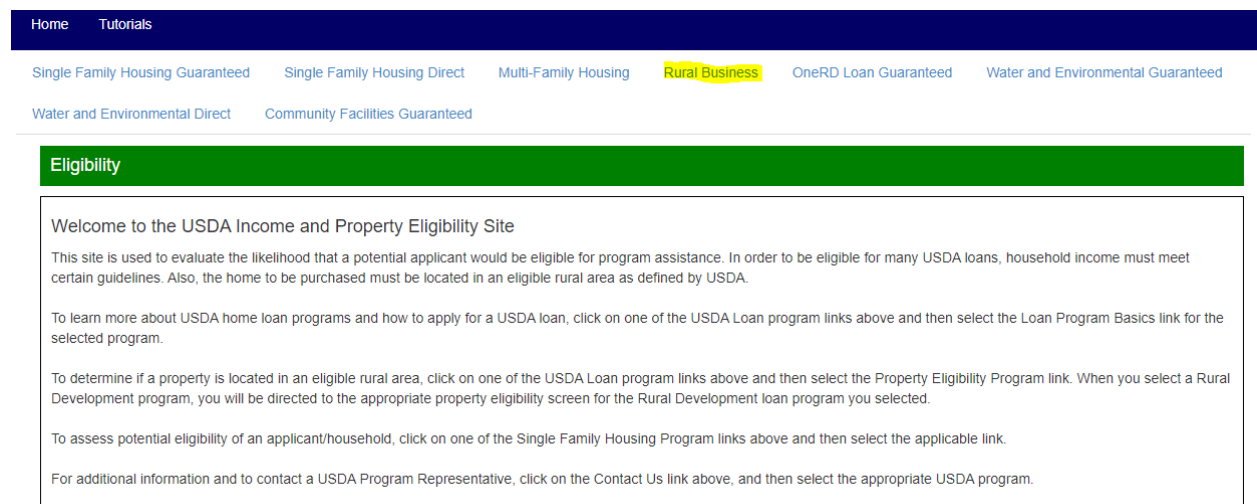


USDA Small Business Eligibility Steps

Visit the USDA eligibility site



Click on Rural Business:



Click on the top set of programs:

Rural Business Services

[Click Here for the following programs:](#)

- Biorefinery Assistance Program (BAP)
- Business and Industry Guaranteed Loans (B&I Guar.)
- Intermediary Relending Program (IRP)
- Rural Business Development Grants (RBDG)
- Rural Business Investment Company (RBIC)
- Rural Cooperative Development Grant (RCDG)
- Rural Energy for America Program (REAP)
- Rural Energy Pilot Program (REPP)
- Rural Innovation Stronger Economy (RISE)
- Rural Microentrepreneur Assistance Program (RMAP)
- Socially Disadvantaged Groups Grant (SDGG)

Accept the property eligibility disclaimer:

[Property Eligibility](#) [Loan Basics](#) [What Kind Of Funding Am I Eligible For?](#)

Rural Business Services

Property Eligibility Disclaimer

Every effort is made to provide accurate and complete information regarding eligible and ineligible areas on this website, based on Rural Development rural area requirements. Rural Development, however, does not guarantee the accuracy, or completeness of any information, product, process, or determination provided by this system. Final determination of property eligibility must be made by Rural Development upon receipt of a complete application. Viewing eligibility maps on this website does not constitute a final determination by Rural Development. To proceed with viewing the eligibility map, you must accept this disclaimer.

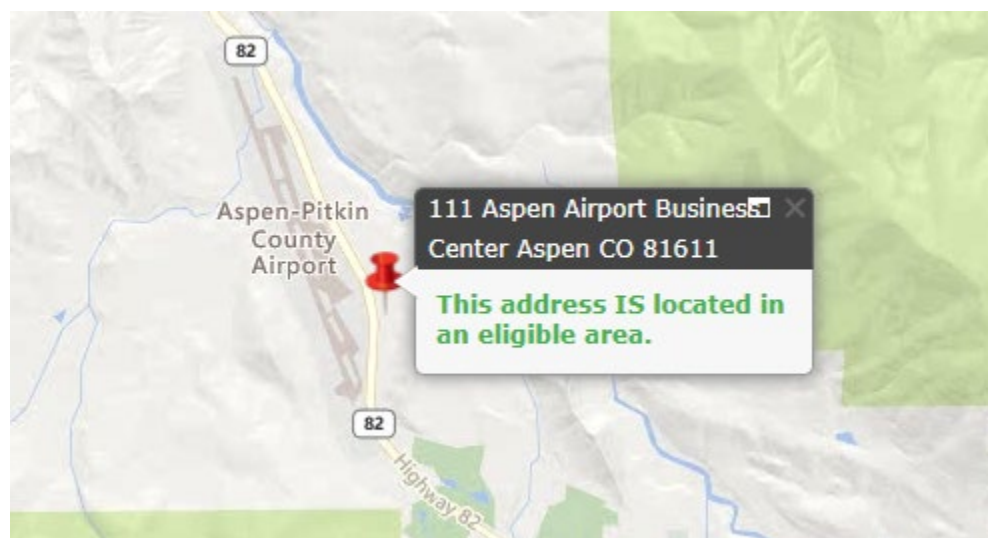
Rural areas are any areas other than:

- (1) A city or town that has a population of greater than 50,000 inhabitants; and
- (2) The urbanized area contiguous and adjacent to such a city or town, as defined by the U.S. Bureau of the Census using the latest decennial census of the United States.

Enter business' physical location in "Find Your Address":



A popup screen appears confirming the business is located in an eligible area:



Business size qualifications

[North American Industry Classification System \(NAICS\)](#)

identifies small businesses by either

- Millions of dollars in total income (annual receipts)
- Number of employees

SBA [details on the size standards](#)

This [49 page listing](#) breaks businesses down by sectors



U. S. Small Business Administration

Table of Small Business Size Standards Matched to North American Industry Classification System Codes

This table lists small business size standards matched to industries described in the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), as modified by the Office of Management and Budget, effective January 1, 2017.

The size standards are for the most part expressed in either millions of dollars (those preceded by "\$") or number of employees (those without the "\$"). A size standard is the largest that a concern can be and still qualify as a small business for Federal Government programs. For the most part, size standards are the average annual receipts or the average employment of a firm. How to calculate average annual receipts and average employment of a firm can be found in 13 CFR § 121.104 and 13 CFR § 121.106, respectively.

SBA also includes the table of size standards in the Small Business Size Regulations, 13 CFR § 121.201. This table includes size standards that have changed since the last publication of 13 CFR § 121.

- Annual receipts:
This is the “total income” (or “gross income”) plus the “cost of goods sold.” These numbers can normally be found on the business’s IRS tax return forms. Receipts are averaged over a business’s latest three complete fiscal years or five complete fiscal years to determine the average annual receipts. If a business hasn’t been in business for five years, multiply its average weekly revenue by 52 to determine its average annual receipts.

The SBA calculates annual receipts in accordance with 13 CFR 121.104.

- Employee calculation:
This is the average number of people employed for each pay period over the business’s latest 12 calendar months. Any person on the payroll must be included as one employee, regardless of hours worked or temporary status. The number of employees of a concern in business less than 12 months is the average for each pay period that it has been in business.

The SBA calculates number of employees in accordance with 13 CFR 121.106.

Example Sector:

Sector 72 – Accommodation and Food Services

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry titles	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
721110	Hotels (except Casino Hotels) and Motels	\$35.0	
721120	Casino Hotels	\$35.0	
721191	Bed-and-Breakfast Inns	\$8.0	
721199	All Other Traveler Accommodation	\$8.0	
721211	RV (Recreational Vehicle) Parks and Campgrounds	\$9.0	
721214	Recreational and Vacation Camps (except Campgrounds)	\$8.0	
721310	Rooming and Boarding Houses, Dormitories, and Workers’ Camps	\$12.5	
722310	Food Service Contractors	\$41.5	
722320	Caterers	\$8.0	
722330	Mobile Food Services	\$8.0	
722410	Drinking Places (Alcoholic Beverages)	\$8.0	
722511	Full-Service Restaurants	\$10.0	
722513	Limited-Service Restaurants	\$12.0	
722514	Cafeterias, Grill Buffets, and Buffets	\$30.0	
722515	Snack and Nonalcoholic Beverage Bars	\$20.0	